Queens College
Art Department / Photography \& Imaging
PHOTO 245
Digital Pinhole Imaging \& Large Format Printing
Prof. Greco

Assignment \#2 - Expose and Print:

## EXPOSE

-Bring pinhole camera into darkroom and load with piece of $5 \times 7$ RC photo paper (shinier side toward pinhole). CAUTION - DO NOT HANDLE PAPER OUTSIDE OF DARKROOM
-Close camera - close shutter - head to shooting area - choose exposure time

Bright sunny day will be around - 2 min
Cloudy day will be around -15 min
Notice the large difference between exposure times on a sunny and cloudy day.
-Use exposure guide on pg. 2 to find exposure starting point for unusual weather
-Make your exposure
-Return to darkroom and unload your paper. Follow development directions below:

## DEVELOP

-Place print face down in tray, submerge completely, agitate tray by gently lifting corner
-Develop for roughly 90 sec or until desired density is reached
-Lift print out of tray with correct tongs; allow excess chemistry to drip off

## STOP BATH

- Place print face down in tray, submerge completely, agitate tray by gently lifting corner -Stop bath for 10 sec
-Lift print out of tray with correct tongs; allow excess chemistry to drip off

FIX

- Place print face down in tray, submerge completely, agitate tray by gently lifting corner -Fix for25 minutes
-Lift print out of tray with correct tongs; allow excess chemistry to drip off


## WATER WASH

-Place print in print washer for 10 minutes
-Print washer has two sides, one inside the darkroom and one outside. To retrieve print knock twice on outside part of print washer to alert the darkroom you are opening the lid, open lid and retrieve print
-Squeegee print over sink and hang to dry

## INSPECT

-See if your image has the correct density - not over or underexposed - if over or underexposed load another paper, change time and make another exposure.

If too light add time - if too dark remove time. You need 2 final captures for scanning.

## Relative F-Stop

| Camera Length | Needle Size | Diameter <br> of hole | Relative <br> $\mathrm{f} /$ stop |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $8^{\prime \prime}$ | 8 | $.5^{\prime \prime}$ | 9 |
| $5^{\prime \prime}$ | 10 | $.023^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathrm{f} / 350$ |
| $4^{\prime \prime}$ | 12 | $.018^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathrm{f} / 300$ |
| $2.5^{\prime \prime}$ | 13 | $\mathrm{f} / 280$ |  |
|  | or you could use this formula... |  |  |
| dia/focal length | $\mathrm{f} / 190$ |  |  |

## Pinhole Exposure Guide

## Making exposures?...Start here

| Weather Conditions | f/stop | Photo | ASA | ASA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | paper | 125 | 400 |
| Bright or hazy sun. | 250 | 17 seconds | 1 second | $1 / 4$ second |
| A scene with light sand |  |  |  |  |
| or on snow. | 300 | 29 seconds | 1.6 seconds | $1 / 3$ seconds |
| Bright or bright-hazy sun. | 350 | 44 seconds | 2.5 seconds | $1 / 2$ second |
| The shadows are distinct (sharp) | 250 | 49 seconds | 2.8 second | 1 second |
| Your typical nice, sunny type day. | 300 | 1.3 minutes | 4.6 seconds | 1.25 seconds |
| Weak or hazy sun. | 350 | 2.1 minutes | 7.1 seconds | 1.5 seconds |
| The shadows aren't distinct (soft) | 250 | 2 minutes | 6.7 seconds | 1.3 seconds |
| An OK type day. | 300 | 3.3 minutes | 11 seconds | 2.2 seconds |
| Cloudy. But bright! | 350 | 5.1 minutes | 17 seconds | 3.4 seconds |
| No shadows | 250 | 5.4 minutes | 18 seconds | 3.6 seconds |
| No sun. No rain. | 300 | 9 minutes | 31 seconds | 6 seconds |
| Open Shade or heavily overcast | 350 | 14 minutes | 47 seconds | 9.2 seconds |
| No shadows | 250 | 14 minutes | 47 seconds | 9.2 seconds |
| Either arey day or | 300 | 23 minutes | 1.3 minutes | 15 seconds |
| in the shadow of a tall building | 350 | 36 minutes | 2.0 minutes | 24 seconds |
| Dawn or Dusk |  |  |  |  |
| Dark out here... | 250 | 38 minutes | 2.1 minutes | 3.5 minutes |

